

背毛 $F_3$ 短于 $F_1$ ；前胸板不明显，胸板前区仅具线纹；殖腹板后缘强度后凸，板后小骨片3对；气门沟前端仅达基节（据Bhattacharyya, S. K. 1971：图2—3）。

正模，1985. . 3. 由王身荣采自四川峨眉山报国寺(海拔约500m)牛粪中。

## 参 考 文 献

- [1] Bhattacharyya S. K. The Gehas *Eviphis* in India (Acacrina: Mesostigmata: Eviphididae) *Acarologia*, 1971 13(2): 266—271

### EVIPHIS EMEIENSIS SP. NOV. (ACARI: EVIPHIDIDAE)

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*Eviphis emeiensis* sp. nov. (Figs. 1—2)

The new Species is related to *E. cultratellus* (Berlese, 1910) but differs from the latter in the following Characters: 1. Dorsal sera  $F_3$  is twice as long as  $F_1$ . 2. Preendopodal plate present. 3. Genitoventral Shield appropriately convex posteriorly, one pair of small plateles situated just behind it. 4. Peritreme extending anteriorly to the level of base of gnathocoxal seta.

Holotype( ) was found from cattle dung, Baoguo Temple of Mt. Emei, Sichuan, alt. 500m, 3 July 1935, by Wang Shenrong. The type is deposited in the Sanitary & Anti-Epidemic Station of Sichuan Province.

Key Words Acari Eviphididae *Eviphis* new species

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## 四川发现斑尾膝鹑

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据资料记载斑尾膝鹑(*Limosa lapponica movaczealandiae*)在我国分布于新疆天山、东北、福建、台湾、广东、海南岛等地，为旅鸟或冬候鸟。1980年10月12日在四川南充县小龙门的嘉陵江河漫滩上采获一只雌性标本，为四川鸟类新纪录。

体重255克，全长331、翼长206、嘴峰84、跗蹠52、尾长66毫米。

嘴长于尾而略上翘，头及上体以褐色为主；眉纹白色；尾褐色而具白色横斑；喉白色，前胸浅褐色，下体其余部分白色。

虹膜暗褐色；嘴的端部黑色，其余部分红色；胫的裸出部及跗蹠均为黑色。